SERIAL NUMBER



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office

COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Weehington, O.C. 20231

FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 67/929,449 00714792 FINE EXAMINER: SHAYLIC 33M171025 PAPER NUMBER ART UNIT FRANK H. FUSTER 7602 SLATE RIDGE BLVD. COLUMNUS. OH 40066 DATE MALED: This is a communication from the examiner in charge of your application. COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS 10726793 This application has been examined Responsive to communication filed on This ection is mede finel. A ahortened statutory period for response to this action is aet to expire. _ month(s), _ deya from the date of this letter. Fellura to respond within the period for response will cause the application to become ebendoned. THE FOLLOWING ATTACHMENT(S) ARE PART OF THIS ACTION: Notice of References Cited by Examiner; PTO-892.

Notice of Art Cited by Applicent, PTO-1449. 1. 2. Notica re Petant Drawing, PTO-948. 4. Notice of Informei Petent Application, Form PTO-152. SUMMARY OF ACTION 1. KL Cleims ere pending in tha eppilcetion. Of the ebove, claims ere withdrewn from consideration. 2. Claims 3. Claima 4. X Claims 5. Claims are objected to. 8. Claims _ are subject to raetriction or election requirement. 7. 🔀 This application has been filed with informal drewings under:37 C.F.R. 1.85 which ere eccepteble for examinetion/purposes. ere \square ecceptable. \square not ecceptable (see axplanation or Notica re Petent Drawing, PTO-948). 10. \square Tha proposed additional or substitute sheet(s) of drawings, filed on _______ hes (have) been \square approved by the examiner. disapproved by the examiner (see explenetion). 11. The proposed drawing correction, filed on ______, has been approved. disepproved (see explenetion). 12. Acknowledgment is made of the claim for priority under U.S.C. 119. The certified copy has been received not been received been flied in parent epplication, serial no. ____ ___; filed on ___: 13.

Since this epplication eppears to be in condition for ellowence except for formel metters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in eccordence with the practice under Ex perte Queyle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213. 14. D Other

EXAMINER'S ACTION

-2-

Serial Number: 07/929,499

Art Unit: 3308

Claims 6-8 and 10 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 C.F.R. § 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected species. Election was made without traverse in Paper No. 4.

The drawings are objected to because Figure 1 must be labelled as prior art. Correction is required.

Claims 1-5, 9, and 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1 "the bone-like structure" lacks antecedent basis, and it is unclear what would fall within the scope of the term "bone-like".

In claim 2 "the bone-like tissue" lacks antecedent basis, and it is unclear what would fall within the scope of the term "bone-like".

It is unclear how claim 3 further limits claim 1 from which it depends, if at all, since it only claims structure which does not manipulatively affect any of the method steps claimed.

In claim 4 "the scanning step" and "the data base" lack antecedent basis.

In claim 5 "the data base" and "the hard tissue" lack antecedent basis.

In claim 9 it is unclear whether the words "which are cemented together" is claiming a step of cementing, or whether

-3-

Serial Number: 07/929,499

Art Unit: 3308

this claim is merely describing the structure and does not affect the only claimed method step of fabricating.

Claims 3 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, fourth paragraph, as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. These claims appear to only describe structure which does not manipulatively affect any of the claimed method steps.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -
(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

Claims 1-3, 12, and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a) as being clearly anticipated by Bresina et al. (The Treatment of Bone Defects).

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103 which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Subject matter developed by another person, which qualifies as prior art only under subsection (f) or (g) of section 102 of this title, shall not preclude patentability under this section where the subject matter and the claimed invention were, at the time the invention was made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same person.

Serial Number: 07/929,499 -4-

Art Unit: 3308

Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Bresina et al.in view of Walker et al..

Bresina et al. disclose all steps claimed except for the scanning including scanning a healthy animal's body part and archiving the data for subsequent use, and modifying the data base to make selected changes in the size and shape of the hard tissue represented by the data base. Walker et al. teach using archived data gathered by imaging a healthy animal's body part to design an implantable prosthesis and to make selected changes in the size and shape of the archived data in order to suit the particular needs of the patient at hand. In view of the teaching of Walder et al., it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Bresina et al.'s method of making an implantable prosthesis so that the scanning step includes scanning a healthy animal's body part (since a normal counterpart which can be mirrored does not always exist on the patient at hand), and modifying the gathered data of the healthy animal's body part to suit the particular patient at hand.

Claims 9 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Bresina et al. in view of Cima et al. (THREE DIMENSIONAL PRINTING: FORM, MATERIALS, AND PERFORMANCE). Bresina et al. disclose that it is known in the prosthesis art to custom create a prosthesis by sequentially solidifying adjoining intervals of a fluid material along an axis. As taught by Cima et al., it is known to sequentially adjoin intervals of a fluid

Serial Number: 07/929,499

Art Unit: 3308

material along an axis using the steps claimed. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to make a prosthesis using the steps claimed to sequentially adjoing intervals of a fluid material along an axis.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Randy Shay at telephone number (703) 308-2907.

Primary Examiner Art Unit 336

-5-

R. Shay

October 12, 1993